ANOTHER BLAINE DAY.

POSITIVE AND UNEXPECTED GAINS FOR HIM THE ARTHUR MEN MAKING STRONG EFFORTS TO CHECK THE RISING TIDE-SENATORS AND FED-ERAL OFFICIALS AT WORK.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. CHICAGO, June 1 .- The delegates, with few exceptions, are now on the ground and it is possible to tell more nearly what the outcome will be. The leaders have spent the day recasting their previous calculations, listening to reports and discussing the strong and weak points in their canvass and taking measures to improve the chances of their respective candidates. The result to-night is a still further addition to the growing strength of James G. Blaine. If the convention were to be held to-night he would the nominee. But the 250 Federal officials on the ground are stiffening the backs of their Southern delegates and resorting to every conceivable dodge to divide the Blaine vote in the large Republican States. They are making no progress in gaining for Arthur. He is steadily losvotes But the Administration has given encouragement to the friends of the dark horses, who see opportunities to gain votes for their men because of the depression in the Arthurranks, and they are becoming encouraged to stick. In that there is a possible element of danger to Blaine; it may change the result, but at this time there is an increasing tide toward the Maine candidate. His friends do not claim enough votes to nominate him on the first ballot. Their figures are not materially changed from previous calculations for that ballot. But they are sure of considerable additions on the second ballot, and unless the Arthur men desert their candidate and attempt a stampede toward a man who will draw all the scattering votes, Blaine will carry off the WHO WILL BE SECOND CHOICE OF ARTHUR MENT

The Arthur men still talk against dark horses. James D. Warren said to-day: "I want if I can't have Arthur." Unhave been considering whom they could best unite on as a second choice. It will not be Blaine. That is certain. Gresham is thought to be the man. While the Arthur men are dispurited outwardly, they have not given up hope. They still assert that Arthur's nomination is possible. That is true. The nomination of almost any one of several candidates is possible, but far from probable. The Administration men have abated their claims and now openly concede that Blaine will lead on the first ballot. They no longer claim 37 votes from New-York, 20 votes from Pennsylvania, and like ridiculous figures from other States. In coming here with such exaggerated claims in the first place, which were easily disproved when the delegates arrived on the ground, the nature of their canvass was exposed and it has hart their can-

POSITIVE GAINS FOR BLAINE.

The first great gain for Blaine to-day was made when the Kansas delegation arrived on the ground. Heretofore the Arthur men have been asserting that he would get from that State 14 votes on the second ballot. Soon after the delegation arrived it met and unanimously resolved to support Mr. Blaine. That was a direct gain of 8 votes over what had been claimed for Mr. Blaine. Then came the good news from Pennsylvania, where 48 votes were reported for the Maine statesman, with a probability of 50 and a possibility of the entire delegation, excepting "Chris" Magee, whose seat is contested. The influence of General Simon Cameron, who sends word that Blaine is the undoubted choice of the people of that State, has not been without effect. In Ohio there was also a favorable return. Sherman's friends concluded that they could not go home and face their constituents with Arthur as a candidate and that to bring Sherman out aggressively was to endanger Blaine, anger his followers and make certain the defeat of Sherman. Hence they concluded to divide delegates counted for Sherman were elected at Blame's district convention, on the ground that Sherman would not be a candidate unless Blaine should be out of the race. To disregard those instructions and again show a desire to grab the Presidency]was thought not good politics by the Sherman leaders. Dividing the delegation assures Blaine 23 votes, against 19 previously counted, a gain of 4. A gain of ten votes was reported from Tennessee, and a ewhere. Nebraska has arrived on the ground and Governor Dawes reported the delegation solid for Blame, another gain of 2. arrival of the tram from Maine, with 150 Blaine workers, was only another source of encouragement.

The reports of Blaine gains continued to come in until midnight. The latest accessions were two votes from Texas and one vote from New-York. At the Blaine headquarters the most hopeful and confident feeling prevailed.

Altogether Blaine's friends think they have reason to-night to feel increased confidence.

BLAINE'S ORGANIZATION THE BEST. The Blaine men have the best organization, and with nearly all the enthusiasm are doing the most effective work. But the Arthur men are not idle. They lack the leadership of Conkling, Cameron, Arthur and the men who led the 306 to defeat in 1880. What they lack in ability, however, they make up in numbers. They have a swarm of Federal officials. The Appraiser's office in New-York seems to have been emptied into the hotel corridors here, to shout for the President. A considerable number of New-York police officials are doing missionary work of the same kind. Commissioner Evans and his Internal Revenue Department has a large representation. They watch every colored delegate and have made the greatest efforts of their lives to-day to win back the delegates who have left Arthur in the

THE ARGUMENT OF THE "BOYS."

Jacob Hess, Michael Cregan, General Sharpe and the "boys" from New-York, were loudly proclaiming in the corridors to-day that Arthur should be nominated, because he could increase, as could no other candidate, the Republican vote in New-York city, they seemed to forget that his last effort in that direction in the Folger cauvass was more than a dismal failure, The President went to New-York then, and every art and contrivance known to him was used in New-York and Brooklyn to secure votes for his Cabinet officer. To assert that he has more strength in that direction than other candidates, under such circumstances, would seem absurd. But that argument and the one tha the can command the most money for the campaign, are still the stock arguments in his behalf. With thinking delegates they have no effect against the facts that he is not the choice of a single Republican State; that his delegates comes from Democratic States and districts where his officials are potent, and that he could not be certain of carrying one of the October States.

THE BUSINESS ROOM LOST.

The business men make no impression. They are lost here, "I come as a business man," said a friend in a joking mood, today, to Internal Revenue Collector Smart, after kneeking at the door. "Then put your check in through the crack, that is all we want," was the laughing reply. Though said in a joke, it fairly illustrated the chief and only use here of the business men from Wall Street.

THE MEN ON THE FENCE. The men on the fence are getting sufficient light to enable them to get down; that has also added to

vote for Arthur, but the abolition of the unit rule, and the fact that every delegate must announce his vote, is not favorable to men who have constituencies to face. The meeting of the New-York Blaine delegates, at which 27 declared for the Maine statesman was another cold bath for the Administration men, who claimed 37 votes. M. I. Townsend said he was preparing in his nominating speech to declare Arthur the choice of a majority of the delegates of his own State. He will have to abandon that ground or make himself ridiculous. Senator Mahone does not like the report that there are seven Blaine supporters in his delegation. He corralled them to night; but the result was unsatisfactory. The Arthur men held a conference to-day and disensed where they should go. A committee was appointed to consider the situation. This had a most depressing effect when the news leaked out. Nothing has been said or done to-day in regard to the chairmanship. Hoar, Horr or McKinley will probably be temporary chairman, and Gafusha A. Grow permanent chairman. Judge West, the venerable blind orator of Ohio, who is said to rival Wendell Phillips in the power of his eloquence, will noninate Mr. Blaine; C. K. Davis, of Minnesota, will probably second the nomination. vote for Arthur, but the abolition

SENATORS WORKING FOR ARTHUR. During the last twenty-four hours the Arthur men have derived considerable encouragement from the presence of a number of United States Senators, who are not delegates, but who are trying to exert an influence in favor of the President's ination. Both the Michigan Senators are earnest in his behalf, despite the fact that a majority of the delegates from that State were chosen as Blaine men by Blaine conventions. Three of the delegates-at-large are here, and they are all for Blaine. They were chosen by a State Convention, at whose hands Senator Palmer unsuccessfully sought an election as delegate-atlarge. Senator Conger's son, who is postmaster at Washington, is a delegate, and is trying to help his father to capture some of the Michigan delegates from Blaine. The Senator has received the most generous treatment at the hands of the President, and gratitude for past favors and and a lively expectation of favors to come may to some extent account for his amiable and carnest desire for the President's success.

Senator Pike, of New-Hampshire, who succeeded when William E. Chandler failed, is also on the ground and not only will try to show his fealty to the President, but to repay the debt of gratitude he owes the Secretary. The Colorado delegation is as solid as a rock for Blaine, and the delegates are intelligent, self-respecting and selfreliant men, but Senator Bowen has come all the way from Washington, where the Senate is sitting. try to induce them to break faith with the people who elected them. Senator Sawyer, of Wisconsin who was an ardeut Blaine man in 1870 and 1880, when he was not a Senator is in Wisconsin and will arrive here to-morrow, and the Arthur men will derive comfort from his presence. Senator Miller, of California, is also on the ground. Other United States Senators, who are in attendance either as delegates or as members of the National Committee, are Blair, of New-Hampshire; Hear, of Massachusetts; Aldrich, of Rhode Island; Platt, of Connecticut; Mahone, Sewell, and Jones, of Nevada. Al of these except Mr. Hoar are claimed to be in the interest of Arthur. "Senatorial couriesy" seems to have assumed a new and interest-ing phase when Senators leave their duties and travel a thousand miles to promote the political prospects of a President, who is a candidate before the National Convention of his party.

NEW-YORK FOR BLAINE. VOICE OF THE EMPIRE STATE CALLING JAMES G. BLAINE TO LEAD TO VICTORY.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. Cuicago, June 1 .- The Arthur leaders have been oudly boasting for three days past that they control 37 votes in the New-York delegation, and that Mr. Blaine only has 21 votes, while Mr., Edmunds has the remaining 14 votes. A decisive answer was given to-night to this wilful misrepresentation. Twenty-seven of the Blaine delegates from New-York met and signed an address to the National Convention, pointing out that the Blaine delegates represent the Republican Congressional Districts in New-York, the districts that the State will be carried for the Republican candidate for President. It is also pointed out that nearly all of the Arthur delegates come from Congressional districts that give Democratic majorities. The meeting of the Blaine delegates from New-York and their open declaration in favor of Mr. Blarne's nomination made a great sensation. The document they signed will be sent to all the other delegates to the National Convention. It is known that other New York delegates also will vote for Mr. Blaine, but as they have not reached this city their names were not offered to the address.

The address is given in full below.

The Republican districts of the State of New-York under the rule of direct popular representation have declared emphatically and unmistakably for James G. Blaine, and this is their message to the National Repub-

Blaine, and this is their message to the Sational Repub-lican Convention:

Blaine can get more votes in the State of New-York than any other man, and can earry the State triumph-antly. An analysis of the Republican representation in the National Convention shows these facts:

	W12/2 F 7 F F F F F F F F	CALL BURNIER OF MARK	
Districts.	Majority.	District.	
•XI	2,587 Dem.	XXV	5,796 Rep.
X1V	491 Dem.	XXVI	
		XXVII	9,279 Rep.
XVII	672 Rep.		859 Rep.
XX	4,319 Rep.	XXIX	3,495 Rep.
XXII	10,133 Rep.	*XXX	1,680 Rep.
XXIII	2,308 Rep.	*X X X I	2,738 Rep.
XXIV	383 Dem.	XXXIV	10,230 Rep.
*One Blaine d	lelegate in eac	h.	
DISTRIC		IUNDS OR ART	HUR.

DISTRICTS FOR ARTHUR.

*One Edmusds delegate.

The VIth and XIXth Districts are contested. The four delegates-at-large are for Edmunds.

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The four delegates-ai-large are for Edmunds.

These statistics prove beyond question that from President Arthur's own State a decided majority of the delegation to the National Convention are opposed to his nomination; that the overwhelming preponderance of delegates from districts giving Republican districts and Democratic districts send delegates for Blaine; that 12 Republican districts and Democratic districts send delegates for Blaine; that five other districts send delegates for Blaine; that five other districts send delegates for Arthur, the large majorities and districts send delegates for Arthur, the large majorities in the Flaine districts there is an aggregate of 57,680 Republican majorities in Arthur districts, with 5,156 Democratic majorities in Blaine districts, and 45,940 Democratic majorities in Blaine districts, and 45,940 Democratic majorities in Arthur districts. These facts and figures are conclusive that in New-York, as in other States where electoral votes may be given to a Republican candidate for President, the direct Republican expression is in favor of James G. Blaine's nomination. Indeed, that he is the accepted leader of the Republican party to a sure victory. In full confidence that with James G. Blaine as the Republican standard bearer the State of New-York will give him its electoral vote, the undersigned delegates from that State commend the above statement to the favorable consideration of the National Convention.

Dated at Chicago, June 2, 1884.

Anson G. McCook, John Kellogg, W. H. Robertson, Leslie W. Russell,

Apson G. McCook, W. H. Robertson, James W. Husted, BAbram Merritt, John Kellogg,
Lesile W. Russell,
George A. Bagley, jr.
W. E. Scripture,
Carroll E. Smith,
Henry L. Duguld,
R. J. Richardson,
Milton Delano,
George R. Cornwell,
Edmund L. Pitts,
Stephen T. Hoyt,
Norman L. Allen,
Frank, S. Smith, Babram Merritt,
Thomas Cornell,
Duncan Ballentine,
George West,
D. M. Osborne,
Hobart Krum,
T. A. Yeumans,
Thus Sheard,
Jeromia W. Dwight,
Thomas C. Platt,
W. L. Smith,

MR. ARTHUR'S BOYS INACTIVE. THEY ANNOUNCE THAT THE PRESIDENT IS IN GOOD HEALTH AND SURE OF VICTORY. IBT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

CHICAGO, June 1 .- Nearly all of the New-York City delegates reached this city to-day by a special train from New-York. The cars were labelled: "For President, Chester A. Arthur," but the train at al, most every station was saluted with cheers for the Blaine boom to-day. There are no doubt Blaine. Among the passengers were John J. E w Blaine men who would like to O'Brien, John R. Lydecker, John H. Brady, Charles

N. Taintor, John Collins, Frank Raymond, J. A. Eagleson, William Dowd, E. Stevenson, George Hibbard, Bernard Biglin and Michael Cregan, of New-York; Albert Daggett, Michael Dady, C. D. Rinehart and G. C. Bennett, of Brooklyn, and ex-Congressman John H. Starin. All of the New-York City delegates except General McCook said that they intended to vote for President Arthur.

"I saw the President on Friday," said Michael Cregan, "and talked with him about his prospects | Scarboro, arrived at the Windsor Hotel, Monhere. I never saw him in such good humor, and he treal. He was so mysterious that for two days he seemed confident of winning." Bernard Biglia also talked with the President

thing the public ought to understand and that is that we are heartily for the President and intend to vote for him to the last. We are not going to shift our votes to Mr. Blaine as some people seem to suspect we intend doing. We are for the President, first, last and all the time."

John R. Lydecker, another delegate, confirmed the statement of Mr. Cregan and Mr. Biglin as to the President's cheerfulness, and that the New-York City delegation were faithful to his interests. Still, politicians consider that the New-York delegates have not shown any remarkable alacrity in their support of the President. Usually they are the first at the Convention, but the Convention will be called to order in less than forty-eight hours and they have just arrived. This is not rushing to the President's support. Since their arrival also the New-York men have shown a lassitude in their canvass for the President which is not indicative of an ardent desire for his nomination. that we are heartily for the President

GLOOM AT AN ARTHUR CONFERENCE. THE WITHDRAWAL OF HIS NAME SUGGESTED-RE-PORTED GAINS FOR THE PRESIDENT. [BY TRIEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

CHICAGO, June 1 .- There was another conference of some of the Arthur managers tonight, in which the situation was fully discussed, and the prospetes of their candidate thoroughly canvassed. Few details ould be obtained, but it is known that the withdrawal of Arthur's name was suggested, if not seriously considered. Subsequently overtures were made by the Arthur men to some of the Edmunds men looking to the bringing forward of Gresham as compromise candidate in opposition to Blaine. Propositions were also made in other directions in favor of different men. It is understood that the chairman of the Alabama delegation, who is an Aribur man, expressed chagrin and surprise when he heard of the conference to which he had not been invited. Among the leading spirits of the conference, it is said, were James D. Warren and Frank Hatton.

conference, it is said, were James D. Warren and Frank Hatton.

The Arthur men were putting out some reports of gains to-night to encourage their organs. They now claim 16 votes in Fexas, 2 in Nebraska, 7 in Minnesotz, and 10 in Wisconsin. As to the 16 votes in Texas they must depend upon the statment of Webster Flanagan to-day, who said: "I can east sixteen loyal votes for Arthur on the first ballot. Where will we go after that I Why, if it looks like 'Jim' Blaine, then we will go to him. If the Blaine train is going to start Flanagan does not intend to be left behind."

STRENGTH OF THE VERMONT SENATOR. NEW-ENGLAND SUNDAY LAWS OBSERVED-WHY ME. EDMUNDS SHOULD BE NOMINATED.

CHICAGO, June 1 .- All who visited Senator Edmunds's headquarters at the Paimer House today were informed that it being Sunday, in accordance with New-England ideas no work would be done. A formal conference of the Edmunds delegates from all the States, it was said, would be held to-morrow. Still throughout the day the room was througed with Edmunds delegates and those interested in the Edmunds movement. The gray-haired ex-Governor Smith, of Vermont, occupied a chair at the head of the long table, and affably greeted visitors. "We shall nominate Mr. Edmunds," he said, "and persistently, vote for him. I have just arrived from the East, and am exceedingly pleased at the active support I find here for the Senator. We think that Mr. Edmunds

Henry Ballard, another Vermont delegate, said: letter from him here declining to be a caudidate. Home but could not been seen.

If he is nowinated he will deem it his duty to TOUCHING ENO'S EX accept the nomination. He deemed it his duty to accept the United States Senatorship when first elected, although he had a lucrative law practice. He could have the Senatorship for life, yet he would accept the nomination for President, As I have stated what can be said against him as a candidate? Is there a Republican who would not vote for him? The Independent Republicans far more earnestly advocated Mr. Edmunds's nomination today than they did yesterday."

George William Curtis, General Francis C. Barlow, Theodore Roosevelt and James W. Wadsworth, of New-York, busied themselves during the day in getting votes for Mr. Edmunds. Mr. Roosevelt said: "Vermont will give 8 votes, Massachusetts 28, Rhode Island S. New-Jersey 5, New-Hampshire 4, and New-York 14, a total of 53 votes, and we shall have some Western Edmunds votes,"

General Oden Guitar, one of the Missouri delegates who has been classed as an Arthur man, said to ex-Governor Smith upon entering the headquarters: "I intend to vote for Mr. Edmunds, and there are four other Edmunds delegates in the Missouri delegation." He was told that the Arthur men had said that ex-Senator Henderson would second the nomination of President Arthur. "That is not true," Mr. Guitar replied. "Mr. Henderson has informed me that he will not second President Arthur's nomination, as he intends to vote for Mr. Ex-Governor Long and Senator Hoar, of Massa-

Ex-Governor Long and Senator Hoar, of Massa-chusetts, carnestly labored in favor of the nomination of Mr. Edmunds. "There is no second choice," said Mr. Long, "in the Massachusetts delegation. We shall hold out for Senator Edmunds because we think he is the best candidate the party could nominate. We think he could surely carry New-York, which promises to be a close State. From all I hear at Washington and here Governor Cleveland, of New-York, will be the Democratic candidate. If that is the case we shall have a hard contest before us. I am confident that Edmunds could defeat Cleveland."

GENERAL LOGAN'S CANVASS. RUMORS OF AN ALLIANCE WITH ARTHUR DENIED-WHY LOGAN HOPES.

INY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. CHICAGO, June 1 .- John A. Logan's headquarters n room No. 10 of the Grand Pacific Hotel were visited by many politicians to-day, a rumor having been circulated that the Arthur leaders, whose headquarters are near by, had suddenly become most friendly with the Logan delegates, after hinting that Logan might receive the Arthur votes. T. S. Ridgway, one of the Illinois delegates and personal friend of General Logan, denied most emphatically that there was any alliance between the Legan and Arthur men. He said such a combination would be absurd. The Arthur men's sweetness was wasted. "I have just received a letter from General Logan," said Mr. Ridgway, in which he says: 'Do not antagonize either Blaine or Arthur. The Arthur and Blaine delegates must come in collision and have quite an eventug. Some other horse may have to be chosen to rim. I never feit better in my life—stronger in mind or body." Mr. Ridgway further said: "The 44 votes of Illinois are for Logan, because we think he would make the best candidate. He would get just as heavy support from the soldiers as General Sherman and as hearty from civilians as the other candidates. No man, we think, could command as thoroughly as he the support of the Republican party. sweetness was wasted. "I have just received a

WHAT HAWLEY'S FRIENDS ARE DOING.

party."
During the day the Logan delegates visited the various hotels and endeavored to get votes in his

INT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. CHICAGO, June 1 .- All of the twelve delegates of Connecticut favor the nomination of Senator Joseph R. Hawley, of that State, for President, The Hawleyheadquarters are an unpretentious room | standing what The Herald says. Lord Derhigh tried to get the appointment, but the ecclestatical authorities (Continued on Fifth Page.) | there opposed it, and with good reason. This outrage ing rate. Fifteen hundred men will be affected."

METHOD OF ENO'S ARREST.

HIS OFFENCE AGAINST THE DOMINION. HE IS NOT TO BE EXTRADITED-HABEAS CORPUS PROCEEDINGS. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

QUEBEC, June 1 .- About two days ago, an individual, suspicious in his movements, and calling himself Joseph Banton, of kept his room. He was joined two days after by a oncerning his candidacy. "He saw all the boys shared his room and drove out with him on Friday," said Mr. Biglin, "and, as Captain Cre- on the outskirts of the city. On May 27 they took gan says, was confident of winning. There is one | quarters at Lumpkin's Hotel on the mountain, and on May 29 C. T. Marshall took passage on the Dominion steam sloop Van Couver, paying extra for permission to go on board at Montreal instead of Quebec. Banton attracted the attention of the detectives, who got instructions from New-York arrest the persons named Marshall, McCluskey, Hankey, Banton and another to be pointed out to be detained on a charge of bringing stolen property into Canada. Warrants for their arrest were placed in hands of High Constable Bissonnette and Detective Fahey, who came on to Quebec, and boarding the Van Couver, privately searched stateroom No. 10, taken in Montreal by Marshall, Satisfied that Banton was no other than John C. Enofrom papers in his trunks, they communicated with the New-York authorities and received orders to make the arrest and await instructions. On Sunday morning just as the steamer was about to start, Marshall was arrested and at once admitted that he was Eno.

On Saturday evening as the detectives were about to leave with him for Montreal by boat, friends of the prisoner having obtained through James Dunbar, Q. C., a habeas corpus from Judge Paron, he was taken by High Constable Gale and remanded to the St. Louis Hotel to be left under surveillance. At five he was taken before Judge Tessier, who after hearing the statements of the detectives and the plea of Dunbar remanded him till Monday morning.

The arrest is the subject of much talk, the

The arrest is the subject of much talk, the prisoner being arrested, not for extradition, but for offence of bringing in stoien gooods against Canadan law. Indeed some people say it had been the intention of the detectives to smuggle Eno over into the United States.

In connection with this, The Daily Telegraph last night calls the arrest an outrage upon the law both statutory and international. One of two things must be done; that is, the Ashburton treaty amended, or an end put to these illegal arrests on Canadian soil, the arrest being simply for an alleged embezzlement or misappropriation committed in New-York City, within the United States of America. Several high legal authorities here assert that the arrest of Eno is utterly unwarranted, the warrant which was used being for the arrest of one Hinkley and moreover was not indorsed by the authorities of this district.

It would seem that the Rev. Joseph McCluycon is the name assumed by Father Ducey.

ley and moreover was not indorsed by the authorities of this district.

It would seem that the Rev. Joseph McCluskey is the name assumed by Father Ducey, of St. Leo's Church, New-York, who came on at the request of the family to see Eno safe on board the steamer. Messrs, Amyst of this city, C. P. Davidson of Moatreal and General Hubbard of New-York, who arrived this evening, are associated for the prosecution, while James Dunbar and George Irvine, of Quebec; John J. Curran, of Montreal, and Hamilton, of New-York, are for the defence. To-night General Hubbard and Eno's brother arrived here, the latter returning to New-York by a special train at once, Eno and his friends expect that he will be discharged to-morrow, the offence alleged being non-extraditable, while the papers from New-York and those from Montreal do not agree as to the offence for which the arrest is demanded. To-day Eno was allowed to drive out under an escort, but requests to see him were uniformly refused.

SCANT INTELLIGENCE IN THIS CITY. COMMENTS ON FATHER DUCEY'S ACTION-WHAT HIS SUPPRIOR SAYS.

No additional information could be gained from would carry New-York and all other Eastern Re- the Eno family vesterday about the arrest of John C. Eno. Amos R. Eno was so prostrated by worri. ment and anxiety, that he was in the doctor's hands. 'I am a personal friend of Senator Edmunds. I | His son, Amos F., was absent from the city. At No. live close to him at Burlington. There will be no | 46 Park-ave, it was said that Charles Wood was at

TOUCHING ENG'S EXTRADITION. Robert Pinkerton was not at his office yesterday

but Mr. Banks, the superintendent, said:

We have had no news to-day about John C. Eno of any sort. To-morrow we shall probably be able to form an idea as to whether or not he can be brought back. As I understand it, a second warrant has been issued charging him with forgery in the third degreee. According to the laws of this State any public officer who makes any false entry, or who alters any flavures with latent to deceive or defraud, it guilty of forgery in the third degree. This, as I understand it, is precisely what Mr. Eno did, but I have no certain knowledge of the details. This was prechely the charge on which the extradition of Winslow was asked for and refused, on the grounds that under the English in with edfence was not forgery. Inderstand, however, that the British Government have since retired from their position. Their chief reason for refusing extradition in that case was the fact that our Government refused to agree not to prosecute the offencer on any other charge no-covered by extradition. This case, if pushed to extremest as it probably will be, is likely to be an extremely ine teresting one on many accounts. As to the details of thet capture they have been fully, and as far as I know, cor, rectly, reported. I may add that we are convinced that the Catholic priest with Eno was Father Ducey, of this city.

St. 12008 ABSENT PRIEST. but Mr. Banks, the superintendent, said: ST. LEO'S ABSENT PRIEST.

Father Ducey did not officiate at any of the five masses at St. Leo's Church, in East Twenty-ninth st., yesterday morning, nor was he present at vespers. At high mass Father Tole officiated, assisted by Father McCluskey. The latter read a series of notices from the altar, but no reference was made to Father; Ducey. The home of the priests belonging to St. Leo's, is at No. 16 East Twenty-ninth-st., nearly opposite the "Little Church Around the Corner." In answer to an enquiry from a TRIBUNE reporter, Father Tole said that Father Ducey was absent. He was grieved that some of the city papers had made such a misstatement as to declare that the fugitive Eno had been hidden in that house; this fugitive Eno had been hidden in that house; thus he declared, was absolutely devoid of foundation. He said that Father Ducey's action, far from being the result of interested motives, was in reality caused by the tenderness of a humane heart grateful for past kindness. Nor was it true that Father Ducey in going to Montreal had no other motive than to aid and comfort Mr. Eno. comfort Mr. Eno. Vicar-General Quinn, when asked whether Father

Ducey's actions would bring him within the judg-ment of his ecclesiastical superiors and whether it was of a nature to call for ecclesiastical censure, re-

REGRET OVER FATHER DUCEY'S CONDUCT. A member of Father Ducey's congregation said

last night:

I was deeply grieved to read the accounts in this morning's papers of Eno's arrest and the statement that Father Ducey was with him and had probably aided in his escape. I am inclined to think there must be misrepresentation somewhere. Father Ducey is not only an earnest priest but a thorough man of the world. His circle of rieuds embraces many of a different creed to ours, and though the Enos are Prestyterians. I have always understood that Father Ducey was on the friendlest terms with young Eno. In fact, I believe that a large contribution toward the building fund of St. Leo's came from John C. Eno. I may mention, by the way, that the statement printed this morning to the effect that Father Ducey nad been recently created a Monsignor is without foundation. As to his course during the whole Eno affair I may frankly say that it has given many members of his congregation much pain. A priest should not even be suspected of any unworthy conduct, and I fear the father has been sully of grave undescrition, to use no harsher term. The idea that he derived any pecuniary profit from his interest in Eno's affairs will, however, be laughed at by everyone who knows him. I feel sure myself that I saw him of the last Thursday or last Wednesday, so that the really was with Eno ne must have joined him only a day or two ago and probably went out of pure kind-heartedness and friendashp. It is as a business altogether.

An Expression Of Indiana.

AN EXPRESSION OF INDIGNATION.

SIR: We Catholics are outraged by this morning's news. Ducey never has been a Monsignor, notwith standing what The Herald says. Lord Derhigh tried to against American law is a sorry thanksgiving for saving the American College in Rome. New-Fork, June 1, 1884. CATROLICUS INDIGNAUS.

A STRANGE SUICIDE IN ATLANTA.

ARCHIBALD ORME'S PASSING INSANITY.

DELIBERATELY SHOOTING HIMSELF AND THEN RE-

GRETTING THE DEED.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. ATLANTA, June 1 .- Archibald Orme, general icket agent of the railroads centreing in this city, is lying in the parlor of the residence of his uncle, A. J. Peachtree-st., dying of a wound inflicted by himself. At 1 p. m. yesterday, an Italian fruit vender at Angier Springs saw a man emerge from the thick undergrowth of an adjoining park covered with blood. As the man staggered up to the Italian's stand a colored woman who was passing recognized him as Archibaid Orme, her young master in slavery times. Turning to the woman, he said: "Take me to a place to die." She led him to her cabin and placed him on her cot. Orme raised himself on his elbow, and while the blood was dripping from his head on the pillow, wrote a note to Alexander Thweat, to come at once, as the writer was dying. The news in the city spread like wildfire. Orme's character was so good, his prospects s o flattering, his present success so satisfactory, that no reason could be thought of for his act. The physicians and friends found the wounded man in the cabin, where he family smiled as they greeted him.

"Why did you do this ?" he was asked. "That is my secret," he replied, and closing his eyes he bmitted to examination.

The Rev. Mr. Beckwith approached the unfortunate nan and asked "Can I pray with youl" He nodded assent. The preacher then asked him to re-

peat the prayer after him. He did so. The scene was one of touching solemnity. It was then decided to re. move him to the residence of his uncle, where he lies tonight with no hopes of recovery.

Orme left the city yesterday morning at 10 in a hack

which he had hired for Anglers Springs. On his way he met many of his friends, to whom he bowed pleasantly giving no sign that he was on an errand of suicide Reaching the Springs he dismissed the driver, and entering the park sought a secluded place. Lying down he placed the wengon to his head and fired. When he returned to consciousness, he regretted his action and made a determined effort to reach help. Thus was presented the sight of the suicide with the bullet in his head, his hair matted with blood, which was also trickling down upon his shoulders, approaching the Italian's stand. Speculation has been hasy as to the can'e of the act. Love was suggested, but there was nothing on which to base it. Mr. Orme had some unfortunate experiences in New-Orleans in the last Mardigras season which weighed heavily upon his mind. That business irregularities should have been the cause was deemed hardly possible and yet events later in the day gave some color to it. Just before the court adjourned the attorneys of the West Point road filed suit for the recovery of \$7,000. After the court closed, and just too late to file it, the attorneys of the Charlotte Air Line appeared with a similar suit, for—it is said—\$9,000. It will be filed on Montax, Orme's friends stremously deny that there could be any irregularity and that Mr. Orme had five days more in which to settle the accounts. On the other hand, the terrible deed to which he resorted just on the eve of settlement and the filing of these suits looks as if he feared to meet it.

Mr. Orme was a liberal liver, had some expensive as-Reaching the Springshe dismissed the driver, and enter-

meet it. Mr. Orme was a liberal liver, had some expensive as Mr. Orme was a fiperal fiver, and some chematars sociates and may have laid himself liable for funds in his possession. Mr. Ballard received a letter written oy Mr. Orme, with instructions to read it after the death of the writer, which would explain all. As Mr. Orme stil lives, Mr. Ballard declines to break the seal until death causes. The Orme family is one of wide ramifications; all are weathy and in positions of prominence.

KILLED BY THE FIREMEN.

THE FATE OF ONE OF THE VICTIMS OF THE WARE HOUSE DISASTER.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] BALTIMORE, June 1.—The body of James Kelly, one of the clerks who was killed in the fall of the Hooper but ding on Friday, was uncarthed to-day. It was conclusively proven by the physicians that Kelly was killed by the firemen who were tearing down the walls of the ruined building and not by the original disaster. The body was found with one foot crushed beneath the closed door of the heavy iron safe. Across his chest was an enormous beam which had remained in position on an upper floor until last night twenty mained in position on an upper floor until last night twenty hours after the disaster. This beam the firemen disioded in tearing down the rains and it fell with a terrible crash. It was this that caused Keily's death beyond all doubt, as the doctors are positive that he did not sustain original injuries save the crushing of his foot by the safe door.

A singular fact in connection with the case is that a sister of Keily was on the scene of the disaster yesterday, imploring the firemen to make haste in rescuing her brother. She was wild with grief and stated positively that she was sure her brother was alive in the rains. Her singular premonition proved to be correct. There is no doubt now that seven men were killed by the wreck.

SUICIDE OF A YOUNG WIFE.

IBT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNS.

New Haven, June 1 .- A case of self-destruction occurred here last night, when the wife of James Hall, a carpenter, was found by her husband hanging cold and dead from a bed-post in their room in Charles-st She had hung herself, it is believed, through despondency from illness. The young couple have been married only three months and their life had started out brightly. The husband, who was the first to find the body, is nearly erazy himself over the matter. It was a great shock to him. Mrs. Hall, who is a well known New Haven girl, has on known New Haven gir, has on one of two occasions before attempted suicide or at least has taken heavy doses of drugs.

She has been quite blue for some weeks. Yesterday, however, she had been singing all day long. Mrs. Hall was a cousin of David Mitchell, the news man, and a sister-in-law to Charles F. Root, of Barnum & Root.

KILLED ON HIS WAY TO CHURCH.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., June 1 .- A terrible seene was enacted in Wirt County to-day almost in front of a Methodist meeting house, thetween John Thompson and Charles M. Boggs, farmers, in which the latter was killed. A fend has existed for years between the two is claimed by both families. Some days ago unknown persons toru down a lot of the Boggs fence. The Thompsons were blamed. To-day while both men were on their way to church, the men met almost in front of

A BRAVE MAN LOSES HIS LIFE.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] BALTIMORE, June 1 .- Christopher Doyle, the young man who received the citizens gold medal for his heroism upon the occasion of the Tivoli disaster last September, when sixty-three persons were drowned, lost his life to-day, while endeavoring to recover the hat whiel had blown from the head of one of his companions, who was in a sailboat with him near Curtis Creek. Doyle jumped overboard after the hat and never rose to the surface. His body was recovered to-night. Doyle saved diffeen lives in the Twoii disaster. He was an expert swimmer and it is supposed that he was attacked with

LOSSES IN VARIOUS PLACES.

PADUCAH, Ky., June 1 .- A fire last night DETROIT, June 1 .- The Somerville Bros. book and sta

CONFLICT BETWEEN CITY DEPARTMENTS.

It was rumored last night that an attempt would be made by a body of men under General Shaler forcibly to regain possession of the building No. 128 Worth-at., which had been taken possession of on Satur-Worth-st., which had been taken possession of on Saturday by the Fire Department. Police Commissioner Nicho's having heard the rumor, went to Police Headquarters with a member of the Fire Department and sent a dispatch to Superintendent Walling, who soon joined him. The Superintendent Halling, who soon joined him. The Superintendent then sent for Captain McCullach of the Sixth Precinct, who also went to Headquarters with Sergeant Ryan. Instructions were given to put a force of men around the building, and to resist any attempt to break the peace or regain possession. At an early hour this morning everything was quiet in the neighborhood and General Shaler's forces had not arrived.

COAL MINERS TO STRIKE. PITTSBURG, June 1 .-- A dispatch from Monon-

gabela City, Penn., says: "The delegate convention of the

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

MEETINGS OF NATIONALISTS. AN EXCITED GATHERING AT NEWRY-THREATS OF

DYNAMITEURS. DUBLIN, June 1.—A large meeting of National-ists was held at Mullingar to-day. Mesars. Healy, Damson and Kenny were present, At a banquet given this evening Messrs. Sullivan and Harrington, members of Parliament, were each presented

with a purse of £350. Nationalist meetings were also held outside the town of Newry, despite the fact that a proclamstion had been issued prohibiting such gatherings. Five hundred policemen and two troops of lancers were drafted from Dublin to prevent a disturbance. Great excitement prevailed in and

about Newry. Messrs, Biggar and O'Brien addressed the people as they were leaving the church, advising them to come to terms with the landlords in order to secure their farms.

A letter was received here yesterday stating that two dynamiteurs had started for Newry from London, intending to blow up public buildings if the meetings were stopped.

THE TRIPLE ALLIANCE IN DANGER.

Paris, June 1 .- The Vienna correspondent of The Gaulois says: There are symptons of a breakup of the triple alliance since the interviews between M. De Giers, the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Prince Bismarck at Friedrichsruhe. The mutual confidence of the courts at Berlin and Vienna are censing. Indications of a secret entente cordial between Bussla and Germany are found in the brilliant style in which Prince William, of Prussla, went on his mission to St. Petersburg, in the constant exchange of court contrelens in the warmth of the welcome Emperor William gave the Czarina when she was passing through Berlin, and in the contemplated interview between Emperor William and the Czar, of Russla. The correspondent further says it is reported that Prince William, of Prussla, during his visit in St. Petersburg, arranged a project for a marriage between Princess Sophia Dorothea, granddaughter of the Emperor and the Czarewitch, of Russia.

ARAPA PACHA ON THE SOUDAN.

London, June 1 .- In a recent interview Arabi Pacha declared that the events in the Soudan were the outcome of the unwise policy pursued by the Euglish Clemency and an impartial inquiry into the people's Giemency and an impartial inquiry into the people's grievances could alone restore order; otherwise there would be frightful bloodshed before the end was reacted. It was certain that the Mahdil would never make over tures for peace, and that he would light until captured or killed. Arabi declined to say whether he believed the Mahdi to be a true prophet. He said that he felt the highest regard for the British, and hoped to see the day when the Egyptims in Egypt would be on the same footing as the Egyptims in Egypt would be on the same footing as

BUYING INFORMATION OF CRIME. London, June 1 .- Sir William Harcourt, Home Secretary, on demand of the chiefs of police has advised the Government to place at the disposal of the chiefs a large sum of secret service money with which to

buy information regarding treasonable and other criminal projects without revealing the informers. The chiefs of police report that certain conspirators are ready to self-information which they possess provided their names are THE POPE AND THE FREEMASONS. LONDON, June 1 .- An encyclical letter from the Pope was read in the Catholic churches throughout England to-day, warning the people against joining

secret societies, under pain of excommunication. The letter says that Freemasonry at its inception was propably merely a friendly society; but if so, it asks where was the necessity for the blind obedience demanded of its votaries. A SECOND SUEZ CANAL.

PARIS. June 1 .- A technical commission on the Suez Canal to discuss the question whether a second canal parallel with the present one shall be built, or the present canal enlarged, will soon be appointed. The commission will consist of eight English, eight French. and six other engineers.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO A BALLOON. LILLE, France, June 1 .-- The carof a captive balloon, containing twenty persons, became detached to day and fell forty metres. Three of the occupants of the car were killed outright, and the remainder were severely injured. The accident created a great sensation. The car was only built to contain ten persons. The ascend-was made for the purpose of viewing horse races.

A CABLE PARTY AT BALLINSKELLIGS. LONDON, June 1.-Lord and Lady Grosvenor and friends, John Fender, M. P., the chairman, and J. W. Fuller, the secretary and traffic manager of the Direct Cable Company, are spending Whitsuntide on a visit of inspection to the company's station at Ballinskelligs Bay, on the southwest coast of Ireland.

PEARLS BOUGHT BY THE QUEEN. LONDON, June 1 .- The pearls owned by the Lady OthoFitzgerald have been privately bought by Queen Victoria for £40,000. The pearls are intended as a pres to the Princess Beatrice.

INCIDENTS IN SOUTH AMERICA. LIMA, June 1, via Galveston .- Colonel Larranaga, late editor of the Bien Public was buried to-day

with full military honors. Puga's forces have increased and will make their bead-quarters at Ichocan, about fourteen leagues from Caja-marca.

A COWBOYS CAMP SWEPT AWAY. ELEVEN MEN DROWNED-THE SUDDEN FLOGD

CAUSED BY A CLOUD-BURST. DENVER, June 1 .- A cattle round-up camp on Frenchman Creek, near the Nebraska and Colorado line, was destroyed by a flood on Thursday, and eleven cowboys were drowned. The flood was caused by a cloud-burst which occurred at a point near the head of the Cheyenne Indian Trail Canon. The water came with such force that it swept away everything in its path. Men, horses, wagons, away everything in the path, and the stream. The names of ten of the men drowned are: Lon Witherbee, J. Lindsey, Robert Reddy, Robert Fowler, Patrick Lynch, John Smith, L. Netherton, William Ferguson, William J. Petton, and C. Hall. Four bodies have been recovered.

MASTER AND CREW PICKED UP.

Boston, June 1 .- The steamer Linn o' Des reports that when three miles east of Highland Light she picked up the master and crew of the schooner Cohase of Eastport, Me., the said vessel having foundered of Cape Cod June 1. She was bound from New-York to Newburyport, with coal.

DISCONTENTED EMPLOYES OF THE READING. WILKESBARRE, June 1 .- Many employes of the Reading Railread Company at Ashley have banded in their time, demanding their pay. If it is not forthcom ing to morrow they threaten to sue the company. About fifty men, working in the shops, were suspended reater-day. It is rumored this evening that a strike will soon take place.

WATSON RELEASED ON BAIL. PITTSBURG, June 1.—Thomas J. Watson, the oil broker who was arrested in Jersey City yesterday on a charge of conspiring to defraud the Pean Bank, arrived here to-day in charge of Officer O'Mara. Watson gave ball in \$55,000 and was released. He refused to talk.

THE WORK OF AN UNSOUND MIND. San Francisco, June 1 .- Julius C. Dietrich, a machinist, supposed to be of unsound mind, shot his wife last night and then himself. He died at 10 o'clock this morning. His wife will probably recover.

THE TROUBLE AT DARTMOUTH. HANOVER, N. H., June 1 .- The dispatch, sent on Friday announcing the suspension of two Dartmouth College editors, was erroneous. The trustees were re-commended to withhold their diplomas, but have taken

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

KEENAN WANTS TO MEET MITCHELL.

TRENTON, N. J., June 1.—Arthur Chambers of Philadelphia, having offe ed to back James Mitchell to box any light weight in the country, at 122 or 124 pounds, Joseph Gaffney, of this city, agrees to meet Chambers in Philadelphia next Tuesday, and atrange a match between "Jack" Keenan and Mitchell, either with hard gloves or to box four or six rounds.

WINNING A GRÆCO-ROMAN WRESTLING MATCH. SAN FRANCISCO, June 1.—The Graco-Roman wrestling match last evening between Clarence Whistler, of this city, and "Tom" Cannon, lately of Denver, for \$250 a side, was won by Whistler in two straight falls, the first in 27 minutes and the second in 31 minutes.

ONE BODY RECOVERED.

BALTIMORE, June 1.—The work of removing the ruins at No. 37 South Gay-st. was continued last night and today. At 11 o'clock to-day the body of James Kelly, chief shipping clerk of the Messra. Hooper was reached, and removed to the undertakers. Many thousands of people have visited the scene of the wreck to-day.

FOR THE CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS' HOME.

BALTIMORE, June 1.—The benefit performances as Ford's Grand Opera House for the Confederate Soldiers' Home, at Richmond, Va., will net \$3,000. They were concluded last alsh.